JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

DISTRICT OFFICE:

Kansas City District (CENWK)

AmerenUE Permit No.

UE-32423-1-D

PROJECT LOCATION INFORMATION: Section 16, Township 40N, Range 16W

State: Missouri County: Morgan

Center coordinates of site (Decidegrees): 92.71240 38.22771

Approximate size of area (parcel) reviewed, including uplands: <0.1 acres

Name of nearest waterway: Lake of the Ozarks

Name of watershed: Osage

JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION

Completed:

Desktop determination

Site visit(s)

X

(12/22/2007

(AmerenUE permit issued)

Date: _____ (Corps only)

Jurisdictional Determination (JD):

量	Preliminary ID - Based on available information, [] there uppear to be (or) [] there appear to be no "waters or		
	United States" and/or "navigable waters of the United States" on the project site. A preliminary JD is not appealable		
	(Reference 33 CFR part 331).		

Approved JD - An approved JD is an appealable action (Reference 33 CFR part 331). Check all that apply:

Mathere are "navigable waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 329 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: <0.1 acres.

Matter There are "waters of the United States" (as defined by 33 CFR part 328 and associated guidance) within the reviewed area. Approximate size of jurisdictional area: ≤0.1 acres.

There are "isolated, non-navigable, intra-state waters or wetlands" within the reviewed area.

Decision supported by SWANCC/Migratory Bird Rule Information Sheet for Determination of No Jurisdiction.

BASIS OF JURISDICTIONAL DETERMINATION:

A. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 329 as "navigable waters of the United States":

The presence of waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or are presently used, or have been used in the past, or may be susceptible for use to transport interstate or foreign commerce.

B. Waters defined under 33 CFR part 328.3(a) as "waters of the United States":

(1) The presence of waters, which are currently used, or were used in the past, or may be susceptible to use in interstate or foreign commerce, including all waters which are subject to the cbb and flow of the tide.

(2) The presence of interstate waters including interstate wetlands.

(3) The presence of other waters such as intrastate lakes, rivers, streams (including intermittent streams), mudflats, sandflats, wetlands, sloughs, prairie potholes, wet meadows, playa lakes, or natural ponds, the use, degradation or destruction of which could affect interstate commerce including any such waters (check all that apply):

(i) which are or could be used by interstate or foreign travelers for recreational or other purposes.

(ii) from which fish or shellfish are or could be taken and sold in interstate or foreign commerce.

(iii) which are or could be used for industrial purposes by industries in interstate commerce.

(4) Impoundments of waters otherwise defined as waters of the US.

(5) The presence of a tributary to a water identified in (1) - (4) above.

(6) The presence of territorial seas.

(7) The presence of wetlands adjacent to other waters of the US, except for those wetlands adjacent to other wetlands.

Rationale for the Basis of Jurisdictional Determination (applies to any boxes checked above). If the jurisdictional water or wetland is not itself a navigable water of the United States, describe connection(s) to the downstream navigable waters. If B(1) or B(3) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document navigability and/or interstate commerce connection (i.e., discuss site conditions, including why the waterbody is navigable and/or how the destruction of the waterbody could affect interstate or foreign commerce). If B(2, 4, 5 or 6) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make the determination. If B(7) is used as the Basis of Jurisdiction, document the rationale used to make adjacency determination.

	ateral Extent of Jurisdiction: (Reference: 33 CFR parts 32)		
\bowtie	Ordinary High Water Mark indicated by:	High Tide Line indicated by:	
	clear, natural line impressed on the bank	 oil or scum line along shore objects 	
	the presence of litter and debris	tine shell or debris deposits (foreshore)	
	changes in the character of soil	 physical markings/characteristics 	
	destruction of terrestrial vegetation	☐ tidal gages	
	shelving	other:	
	other: 1973 LO Hydrologic Study.	=	
[5]	Mean High Water Mark indicated by:		
	☐ survey to available datum; ☐ physical markings; ☐	vegetation lines/changes in vegetation types.	
Ľ.	Wetland boundaries, as shown on the attached wetland do	intestion map and/or in a defineation report prepared by:	
Bs	asis For Not Asserting Jurisdiction:		
E	The reviewed area consists entirely of uplands.		
4	Unable to confirm the presence of waters in 33 CFR part 3		
£	Headquarters declined to approve jurisdiction on the basis		
183	United States:	e following waters present on the site are not Waters of the	
	☐ Waste treatment systems, including treatment pon-	ds or lagoons, pursuant to 33 CFR part 328.3.	
	Artificially irrigated areas, which would revert to upland if the irrigation ceased.		
	Artificial lakes and ponds created by excavating an		
	retain water and which are used exclusively for su-	ch purposes as stock watering, irrigation, settling basins, or	
	rice growing. Artificial reflecting or swimming pools or other sn	nall armamental hadies of water created	
	by excavating and/or diking dry land to retain water		
		ntal to construction activity and pits excavated in dry land for	
	the purpose of obtaining fill, sand, or gravel unless	and until the construction or excavation operation is	
		he definition of waters of the United States found at 33 CFR	
	328.3(a).		
	Isolated, intrastate wetland with no nexus to inters Prior converted cropland, as determined by the Na	tural Resources Conservation Service. Explain rationale:	
	☐ Non-tidal drainage or irrigation ditches excavated ☐ Other (explain):	on dry land. Explain rationale:	
	Other (explain):		
DATA	REVIEWED FOR JURSIDICTIONAL DETERMINAT		
多	Maps, plans, plots or plat submitted by or on behalf of the	applicant.	
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	☐ This office concurs with the delineation report, dated	, prepared by (company):	
750	☐ This office does not concur with the defineation repor	t, dated , prepared by (company):	
	Data sheets prepared by the Corps.		
28	Corps' navigable waters' studies:		
	U.S. Geological Survey Hydrologic Atlas:		
薑	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Topographic maps:		
4	U.S. Geological Survey 7.5 Minute Historic quadrangles:		
	U.S. Geological Survey 15 Minute Historic quadrangles:		
-	USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Surv	ev:	
	National wetlands inventory maps:	T.	
- 14	State/Local wetland inventory maps:		
	FEMA/FIRM maps (Map Name & Date):		
遷	100-year Floodplain Elevation is: (NGVD)		
	Acrial Photographs (Name & Date):		
	Other photographs (Date):		
	Advanced Identification Wetland maps:		
	Site visio determination conducted on.		
	Applicable/supporting case law:		
5.4	Other information (please specify): GIS mapping program	4.	

¹Wetlands are identified and delineated using the methods and criteria established in the Curps Wetland Delineation Manual (87 Manual) (i.e., occurrence of hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology).

²The term "adjacent" means bordering, contiguous, or neighboring. Wetlands separated from other waters of the U.S. by man-made dikes or barriers, natural river berms, beach dunes, and the like are also adjacent.